

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 1116

Roll No.

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B.Tech.

**(SEM. I) ODD SEMESTER THEORY
EXAMINATION 2013-14
ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

*Time : 3 Hours**Total Marks : 100***Note :— All Sections are compulsory.****SECTION—A**

1. All parts are compulsory. Write short answers by giving proper reasons : (2×10=20)
- (a) Define the terms conductivity, intrinsic concentration and energy gap of a semiconductor material.
 - (b) A silicon diode has a saturation current of 5 nA at 25°C. What is the saturation current at 100°C ?
 - (c) Draw the circuit diagram of peak to peak detector using diode.
 - (d) Enlist the difference between JFET and BJT.
 - (e) A Zener diode regulator circuit has an input voltage that may vary from 22 V to 30 V if the regulated output voltage is 12 V and the load resistance varies from 140 Ω to 10 k Ω . Determine the maximum allowable series resistance.

- (f) The BJT circuit has $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ and $\alpha = 0.98$. Determine the value of β and I_E .
- (g) In JFET $I_{DSS} = 8 \text{ mA}$, $V_p = -4 \text{ V}$ biased at $V_{GS} = -1.8 \text{ V}$. Determine the value g_m .
- (h) Draw the Capacitance verse Voltage transfer characteristic for the Varactor Diode.
- (i) An OP amp has a slew rate of $15 \text{ V}/\mu\text{S}$. What is the power bandwidth for a peak output voltage of 10 V ?
- (j) Write the advantages of Negative Feedback in Amplifiers.

SECTION-B

2. Attempt any **three** parts of the following : **(10×3=30)**

- (a) Determine the DC load voltage and ripple voltage for the circuit as shown in Figure 1 :

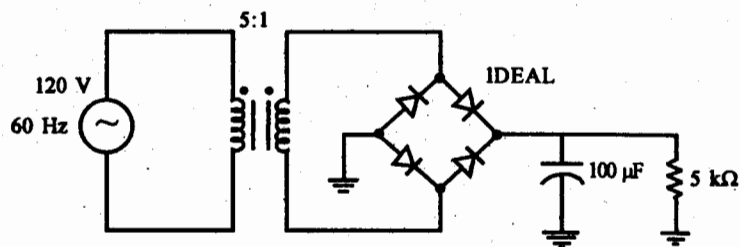


Figure 1

- (b) With the help of block diagram describe the working of a CRO and explain the application and measurement of phase and frequency using CRO.

- (c) In transistor amplifier circuit as shown in Figure 2, the ac generator has an internal resistance of 600Ω . Determine the output voltage :

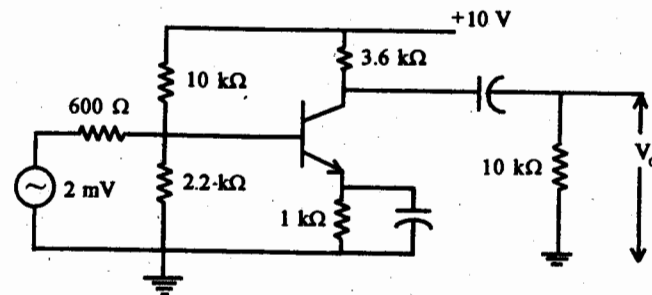


Figure 2

- (d) Draw the structure of a JFET and explain its principle of operation with neat diagrams alongwith its V-I characteristics. Define pinch-off voltage and mark it on the characteristic.
- (e) Draw the basic structure of a CE BJT and explain its principle of operation with neat diagrams alongwith its input output characteristics.

SECTION-C

Note :- This Section consists of **five** theory questions. Each question is of 10 marks. **(10×5=50)**

3. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : **(5×2=10)**

- (a) The transistor as shown in Figure 3 has $\beta_{ac} = 300$. Calculate

I_B , I_C , V_{CE} and P_D .

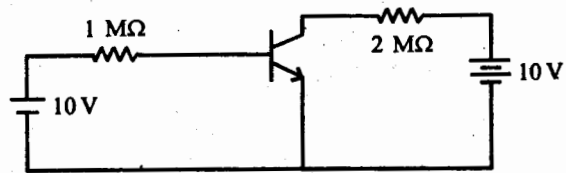


Figure 3

- (b) Sketch V_o of the following network as shown in Figure 4 :

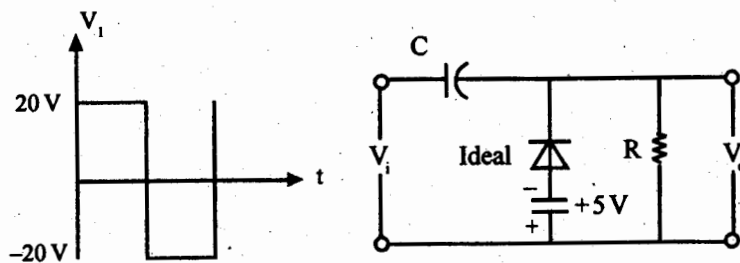


Figure 4

- (c) A common collector amplifier has a potential divider bias using $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_E = 4.3\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_1 = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, as shown in Figure 5. Determine the voltage Gain :

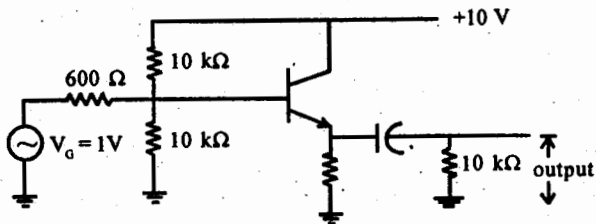


Figure 5

4. Attempt any **two** parts of the following : (5×2=10)

- (a) Determine V_o and I_D for the given circuit as shown in Figure 6. Diodes are ideal :

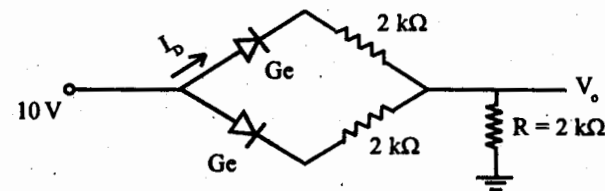


Figure 6

- (b) The Depletion Mode MOSFET as shown in Figure 7 $V_{GS(off)} = -2\text{ V}$, $I_{DSS} = 4\text{ mA}$ and $g_{mo} = 200\text{ }\mu\text{S}$. Determine the circuits output Voltage :

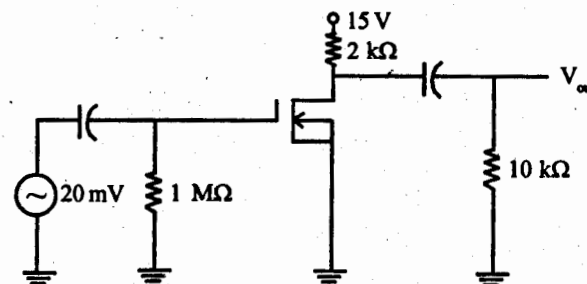


Figure 7

- (c) Distinguish between enhancement type and depletion type MOSFETs. Draw the cross-section of N-channel enhancement MOSFET. Explain and draw the transfer characteristics.

5. Attempt any two parts of the following : (5×2=10)

- Explain the Full Wave Voltage Doublers circuit using diode.
- Write a short note on Optoelectronic Device.
- A common source JFET amplifier with Un-bypassed R_s has the following circuit parameters $R_D = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_s = .5 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, $r_d = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$, $\epsilon_m = 5 \text{ mho}$, $V_{DD} = 20 \text{ V}$. Calculate A_v , R_D and R_i as shown in figure 8 :

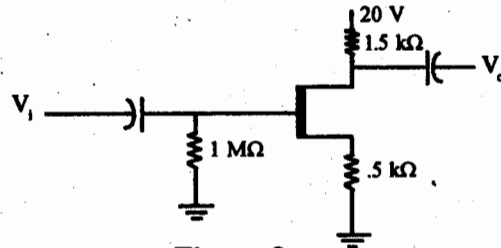


Figure 8

6. Attempt any two parts of the following : (5×2=10)

- Explain the ideal characteristic of Op-amp. Draw an integrator circuit using op-amp.
- Determine the output voltage for the given Figure 9 :

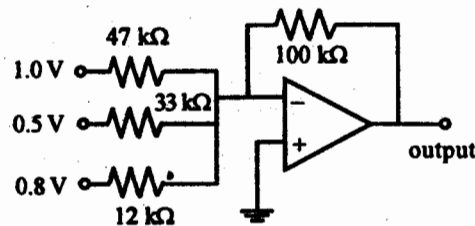


Figure 9

- Write a short note on Comparator Circuit using op-amp.

7. Attempt any two parts of the following : (5×2=10)

- Using a suitable diagram explain the basic principle of a Multimeter and enlist the applications of multimeter.
- Using a suitable Block diagram explain the working of Function generator.
- Explain the Basic principle of Digital Voltmeter.